

7:00 P. M. 83 Highest
 7:00 P. M. 78 Lowest
 7:00 P. M. 66 Recip

Cole Shoe Co.

\$3

BIG OUTPOURING

Roosevelt on His Third Days Tour in New York.

1000'S DIFFERENT TOPICS

the Absurdity of Bryan's Fear of the Army.

RUSTIC CROWD AT ROME

Secret Attempt Made to Break Up the Meeting.

At Rome a huge crowd gathered in the public square to greet the governor from a balcony. While the governor was speaking, a crowd of several hundred men, many of them armed with revolvers, surrounded the balcony and threatened to break it down.

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"What single policy of Lincoln can Bryan point to that we are not upholding?"

At Omaha, the governor dwelt at great length on the trust and Bryan's attitude, answering his question if Bryan's theory of an open market was put in practice it would result in two-thirds of the laboring interest at Omaha being thrown out of work. He touched briefly on militarism, using his former argument of the small proportion of soldiers to civilians.

MONSTEROUS AT ROME

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PRINCELY IDEAS

Alvord Got a Salary of \$5,000 a Year and Spent About \$40,000.

HE LIVED A DOUBLE LIFE

Played the Role of Churchman and Was a Race Track Plunger.

NOTHING TOO GOOD FOR HIM

Bank Officers Say His Scheme Was So Simple They Are Ashamed to Tell It.

New York, Oct. 25.—The World this morning says: Cornelius L. Alvord, Jr., the man who was indicted for the First National bank of \$700,000 is in the hands of the Plunkerton men for whom they can get him in a short time.

This statement was made last night by a letter of Police Chief of Mr. Vernon. The whereabouts of Alvord apparently is a mystery to the bank people and the Plunkerton men.

New York, Oct. 21.—The whereabouts of Cornelius Alvord, Jr., who was indicted for the First National bank of \$700,000 is unknown, and his whereabouts at Mount Vernon, is being closely watched by detectives.

W. G. Shaw, an assistant cashier of the bank, says: "The money which was stolen came out of the profits accruing to the bank and not out of the capital. If I could explain the methods of the default, to you, you would see that they were very simple. The stealing has been going on for five or six years. The bank's earnings have been discovered. It was a simple matter, but there was one little thing we all overlooked."

"We trusted Alvord implicitly and had not the least suspicion of him until last Thursday. On that day, while the bank manager was inspecting the books, one of our clerks called attention to a discrepancy that made us suspicious of Alvord. We had discovered this discrepancy by the mere chance. It had evidently occurred the night of the bank's closing, for he did not know the books were right. Nobody knew of this, not even the officers of the bank, at the time. When the bank was closed Alvord went home, as usual. Then a few of us who knew about the clerk's discovery started an investigation of the books. We found that by making false entries Alvord had been stealing out of our profits. Nobody knew of our investigation and Alvord could not have had the least suspicion of it."

"He did not return to work next morning and has not been seen since. The only explanation for his flight, to my mind, is a guilty conscience for I do not believe he would have guessed we suspected him that afternoon. Even the officers of the bank did not know of the discovery until the next day."

"Ever since last Thursday we have had a detective on his trail and I think that he will be located soon. He is in New York City, I believe, at the present time. He could not conceal himself well anywhere, as he is a large man of very striking appearance."

"I wish I could explain his trick to you. It was simple. We are all greatly charged to find him. He could have fooled us by it. Years ago we had a few thousand in the bank and we took special precautions to prevent anything like it in the future. I, among others, stayed at the bank night after night, studying methods and we thought we could not be fooled again."

ALVORD AND HIS MANNER OF LIFE.

Alvord's salary was \$5,000 a year. His office at the bank at Mount Vernon, where diamonds worth between \$30,000 and \$40,000. She was a good made about a half of green colored lace, which cost at least \$700.

He gave a banquet two or three times a month during the winter season. The viands were furnished by a New York caterer. The florists were paid as high as \$100 for the decorations for a single dinner. Wines of the vintage were served. Alvord kept seven horses, a victoria and brougham for his wife, a runabout for himself, and a hackman for his children. He employed five servants, a coachman and groom, a cook, laundress and housemaid.

His home is one of the finest in Mount Vernon. The floors are of hardwood. The second story is fitted up as living quarters for the coachman and groom.

He paid \$50,000 for the land on which his house and barn stand, six years ago. The house cost \$10,000, the barn \$3,000. The furnishings of the house cost \$15,000. The team of carriage horses used by his wife cost \$2,000.

One set of harness cost \$500. The brougham cost \$200. The contents of the stable cost between \$3,000 and \$10,000. His large nuptial luncheon cost \$2,000. He spent nearly every Sunday at Transome island, the country place of the New York athletic club, where he entertained parties of friends at dinner. One pair of silver buttons worn by his wife cost \$25,000. Each link is composed of a thousand dollars.

He boasted of having an income of \$40,000 a year, saying that his salary was a mere trifle "didn't amount to a flea bite."

He had a suite of rooms in the United States hotel at Saratoga which cost him \$300 a day for his wife and children.

He made no effort to conceal his lavish expenditures. His guests were almost invariably New York people.

The officials of the bank saw nothing strange in a \$5,000 a year employee living at the rate of \$50,000 a year.

WAS THERE A WOMAN IN THE CASE.

A well known bookmaker said this afternoon after the missing man's case: "Alvord was a regular frequenter of the tracks. He was accompanied by a woman with blonde hair, who wore a thin, filmy veil, which, while not thick, served to hide her features so that I saw her today on Broadway I would not recognize her."

"He generally bet on the English system. That is to say, he knew all the bookmakers by sight, and a race he would go to the bookie and say, 'Bet me two hundred on this horse.' He would go to the bookies, putting a bet with each one. Every Monday all the bookmakers would go to the United States hotel and there he would settle up in a spot each. Never any checks, and every Monday regularly. Because of this peculiarity the bookmakers used to call him 'The Prince.'"

A GREAT VICTORY.

True Populists Are Already Able to Figure One Out.

Cincinnati, Oct. 21.—Joe A. Parker, chairman of the national committee of the middle-of-the-roaders, today issued a letter addressed to "True Populists of the United States" in which he says in part: "Four years ago we were shamefully betrayed by those whom we had entrusted with power, our organization given into the hands of our political enemies, and our steady voters were delivered like sheep in the open market. Today our organization is once again in the hands of true populists who will never surrender to the other of the old parties. There are electoral tickets in thirty states, and an opportunity is thus afforded to all true populists in those states to vote their convictions on the platform of the party which the people and political dishonesty doled them in 1896."

"The vote to be polled for this ticket may not be as great as that of 1896, but it will be large enough to demonstrate beyond a shadow of a doubt that our party is not dead. This campaign has accomplished this much, and more, the election in November will put an end to the disastrous policy of fusion forever. This alone is a great victory for true populists. With our party organization once more in the hands of our friends, with fusion dead and damned forever, we can go forward on old lines to victory which awaits the true, the vigilant and the brave."

OVER FATHER'S BIER.

Four Sons Kept Their Promise and Were Received into the Church.

Hingham, Conn., Oct. 21.—Standing high in the coffin of their dead father the four sons of David Briggs were today baptized. For days the old man yearned to see his boys formally received into the Methodist church.

The son was willing, and it was decided to wait until the old man was able to sit up. A sudden relapse made Mr. Briggs very weak.

"My boys," he murmured, "I am dying fast. Promise me that you will be baptized as my boys."

The sons gathered about the bedside, comforted the last moment of the father with the promise.

"I die happy," he signed, and passed away, a look of supreme peace on his face. The Briggs home was filled with mourners when the ceremony took place. The occasion was so solemn that the minister wept and many were unable to keep back the tears.

Episcopalian Missions.

Louisville, Ky., Oct. 24.—At today's session of the missionary council of the Protestant Episcopal church a resolution was offered by G. K. Fairbanks, of Illinois, endorsing the action of the board of managers, providing for increased appropriations for missionary work, and was adopted. The topics discussed at today's sessions were "Mission, the Vocation of the Church," "Parochial Organization for Missionary Work," and "The Work of the Church in Shaping the Growing Life of New Communities."

Thought He'd Have to Pay.

London, Oct. 21.—The Daily Mail's Constantinople correspondent says: "Great uneasiness was created in palace circles by the report that the American ambassador was approaching. The rumor was intended to prohibit the press from mentioning the subject."

Hill Sticks to It.

Detroit, Mich., Oct. 24.—Ex-Senator David B. Hill, of New York, addressed 3,700 persons in the Light Guard armory tonight on the issue of the campaign for a democratic platform. He declared the paramount issue in this campaign was imperialism.

Buller at Capetown.

Cape Town, Oct. 24.—Sir Buller's Buller landed today from the Hawarden Castle and was accorded a magnificent reception. The mayor presented him an address in the presence of thousands of enthusiastic citizens, celebrating his great services to Cape Colony and the empire.

New College President.

Muscatine, Ia., Oct. 24.—George D. Adams, D. D., of Kalamazoo, Mich., was chosen by the Iowa Baptists in session here today to the presidency of the Des Moines college, the leading Baptist school of the state.

Business Part Burns.

Minneapolis, Minn., Oct. 24.—The entire business part of this town was burned today, including the postoffice. The loss is \$75,000.

Austria-Hungary Assents.

Vienna, Oct. 24.—Austria-Hungary has given assent to the Anglo-German agreement.

Scrap at Omaha.

Omaha, Neb., Oct. 24.—Oscar Gardner was hit knocked out. H. Smith in the northwest corner.

SEC. ROOT SPEAKS

Addresses An Impromptu Political Gathering at McKinley's Home.

IT'S CHEAP AND THREADBARE

That Is What He Says of Bryan's Issue of Imperialism.

FREE SILVERITE'S THEORIES

Would Be Imperialistic If He Were Allowed to Practice Them.

Canton, Ohio, Oct. 24.—Secretary Root addressed an impromptu political meeting here tonight. The meeting was announced for Youngstown tomorrow afternoon but as a mark of respect to the late Secretary Sherman, all political meetings arranged for Ohio Thursday were abandoned.

Secretary Root was greeted by a large and enthusiastic audience. He was nearly three hours covering all the questions involved in the campaign. He was frequently interrupted by applause.

In the opening remarks Secretary Root referred to the property which the American people secured for themselves when in 1890 they committed the power of government to President McKinley and the republican congress. He spoke on the "competency and effectiveness" of McKinley's dealings with other powers in various international questions which have arisen and declared the logic of events proved the American people were right when they rejected Bryan's theories and his false democracy in 1896.

IMPERIALISM A CHEAP CRY.

The democratic charge of imperialism, he declared, is a cry that "is one of the cheapest and most threadbare of the demagogue's stock."

He declared it was impossible for this government to have yielded the sovereignty of the United States in the Philippines to the "armed Tagalogs whose hands are red with the blood of American soldiers. Self-respect and honor forbade and the whole world would have condemned and despised us if we had done it."

"The government of the Philippines," the secretary continued, "would not affect the character of our institutions, would not deteriorate our institutions, would not deteriorate and mould the government of the Philippines."

The secretary in discussing trusts said he trouble with Bryan's treatment of the trusts is that "he treats them not as a matter of business but as a matter of politics and he thinks that general indiscriminate denunciation of these great industrial enterprises which are employing labor and increasing the wealth of America, is a good campaign cry."

He declared Bryan's two proposed amendments constituted "imperialism" indeed and would concentrate in the government at Washington entire and absolute control over every business interest in the country.

Root renewed the charge that the hope of the desire to add in Bryan's election inspired a continuance of fighting in the Philippines.

ECHO OF DREYFUS' CASE.

Le Jour Owners Must Pay Plethora Heavy Damages for Libel.

Paris, Oct. 24.—Col. Picquart's suit for libel against Le Jour, arising from the Dreyfus polemics, was decided in his favor today. The court condemned the manager of the paper, M. Pouch, to pay a fine of 2000 francs. M. Pouch and Gilly, writers of the articles, were sentenced to six months and a month's imprisonment respectively, and all three were sentenced to pay 30,000 francs damages.

Prosperity Harvest Home.

Chicago, Oct. 24.—The Marquette club held a prosperity harvest home festival at the Coliseum tonight. Twenty-five hundred people sat at the banquet tables, besides a number of spectators in the galleries. Speeches were delivered by Senator M. A. Hanna, J. B. Cushman of Kansas; Henry D. Estabrook of Chicago; Senator Burrows, of Michigan, was on the list of orators, but was unable to be present.

Allison's Meeting Postponed.

Hillman, Ohio, Oct. 24.—The meeting of Senator Allison, scheduled tonight was postponed owing to Allison's intimate friendship for the late Ex-Senator John Sherman whose funeral occurred in Washington today.

Free Day for Poor.

Paris, Oct. 24.—The government decided to prolong the exposition as additional week. It will close Monday, November 11. One day is to be devoted to the poor with free admission.

California's Population.

Washington, Oct. 24.—The population of the state of California is officially announced today to be 1,485,053 against 1,208,130 in 1890. Increase of 276,923, or 22.9 per cent.

Town Partially Burned.

Dunavent, Kan., Oct. 24.—This town was partially destroyed by fire this morning. The business portion is a total loss. The loss is only partially covered by insurance.

Campaigning in Nebraska.

Nebraska City, Neb., Oct. 24.—John P. Irish, of California, began a campaign of the state here tonight in the interests of the republican national ticket.

LAME ANSWERS

Bryan Replies to Five Questions Asked Him at Wilmington, Del.

ADMITS HIS HELPLESSNESS

Says Congress Would Have to Declare the Philippine Policy.

"HE THINKS" A FEW THINGS

But Does Not Appear to Be Certain About Any Question.

Wilmington, Del., Oct. 21.—Bryan made two speeches here tonight after having made seventeen other addresses during the day. Beginning at St. Michael's on the eastern shore of Maryland he spoke in succession at Easton, Preston, Harlock, Vienna, Salisbury, Berlin, Maryland and at Frankford, Georgetown, Millford, Harrington, Dover, Clayton, Milford, Kirkwood, New Castle, Delaware. The audiences of the day as a rule were fair sized and a majority of them thoroughly appreciative. At a few stopping places in Delaware there was apparently a lack of enthusiasm. Between Berlin and Frankford Bryan crossed the line from Maryland into Delaware and began his campaign in the latter state which extended into all three of its counties. He was accompanied by delegation of the democratic leaders. Only a few people congregated at the station at Frankford and there were no cheers. The speech was brief and dealt with the general issues of the campaign.

At Georgetown the meeting was held in the public square. Bryan spoke forty minutes giving special attention to the interests of farmers of whom the audience was largely composed.

At Milford, Bryan said it is impossible for him to make it impossible for private monopoly to exist in the United States.

At Harrington, Bryan spoke from the rear platform of his car. He referred briefly to trusts and declared his belief in expansion under proper conditions.

The first of Bryan's night meetings here was held in a big tent which was crowded. Bryan took cognizance of a series of questions propounded to him by John P. Nichols of this city as follows:

1. Will he, if elected president, immediately withdraw the army from the Philippines?

2. How soon does he contemplate a stable form of government can be given the Philippines?

3. How soon after a stable form of government has been established does he propose congress shall declare the independence of the Philippines?

4. How long after the stable form of government is established and independent does he declare does he propose an American protectorate over the Philippines shall continue?

5. Will he pay the obligations of this government in silver or gold?

As a reply to the first question Bryan quoted from his speech of acceptance saying:

"I stated if elected president I would immediately convene congress in extraordinary session and ask congress to declare the nation's policy to be to establish a stable government in the Philippines; to declare our purpose to give independence to the Philippines; to declare our purpose to give protection to the Philippines."

On the second he said: "I believe we could establish a stable government in the Philippines in less time than the republican party has established one in Cuba."

To the third question he answered: "That it was proposed to give them independence as soon as a stable government was established. The phrase 'as soon' means 'immediately.' In our language, I don't know what it means in the republicans' language."

Answering the fourth, he said: "There was no limit on the protectorate."

On the fifth question relating to paying the obligations of the government in silver or gold he said he would stay the law. Bryan took various other questions (seven) in the campaign, and presented the usual arguments on those subjects. He was then driven to the Grand opera house, where he made the last speech of the night to a congregation composed largely of ladies.

NO THREAT TO ANY POWER.

Anglo-German Alliance Said to Be in the Interest of All.

Washington, Oct. 24.—In view of the widespread comment on the Anglo-German alliance concerning China being open to the possible construction of an implied or indirect menace or threat against some other power interested in the Chinese question, Consul En Quadt, German charge d'affaires, today said he was able to give a positive statement on the highest authority that the agreement involved no menace whatever to any power concerned in China. The response of the United States to the Anglo-German agreement is still held in abeyance.

Lieutenant Killed.

Sims, Oct. 24.—Lieut. J. H. Hennessey of the Forty-fifth Illinois, was killed yesterday in a brush with Mahad raiders at Jandak.

Centennial, Ill., Oct. 24.—Senator Spooner of Wisconsin, addressed two meetings here today for the republican ticket.

The trouble with Mr. Bryan is he's allied with Bryanism.

WILL DECIDE TODAY.

Mitchell Will Say Whether Strike Continues or Ends.

Hazleton, Pa., Oct. 24.—President Mitchell tonight announced he would tomorrow issue a statement defining the position of the United Mine Workers in the present situation of the strike. He also said the statement would probably indicate whether the strike will be immediately declared off or be continued.

This announcement was made as a result of today's conference between the National and district officers of the United Mine Workers. The impression tonight is that the statement will contain practically a declaration that the contest is ended. Coal companies controlling about 15 per cent of the anthracite coal product, it is learned, have posted notices, but Mitchell will not say that all of them will comply with the terms of the Hazleton convention.

Today's conference was in session three hours and adjourned until tomorrow. Mitchell at the conclusion announced that the situation has been completely canvassed and the relief will be completed tomorrow. The conference discussed plans as to what would be done in the

BLACK AND DAWES

Will Talk to Sound Money Men in Decatur Saturday, November 3rd.

THE EVENT OF THE CAMPAIGN

Senator Mason, Ex-Governor Fifer and Col. James Campbell have been invited to deliver addresses.

SENATOR HANNA IS UNDECIDED

The indications are that the sound money demonstration started by the Washburn men for Saturday, November 3, will be the biggest thing in the way of a political celebration that Central Illinois has seen or will see during the present campaign. The Washburn men interested are terribly in earnest in their desire to properly impress the idea that they are sound money men and furthermore that they are a part of the future.

As the people of Decatur know they have on other occasions had celebrations in Decatur that were hummer, and the coming event will not in any way lower the reputation they have earned for doing the proper thing.

John E. Bennett, Charles Hanna and Frank Schumacher with W. E. Fifer were in Chicago Wednesday to meet members of the state and national committees in the work of securing speakers for that night.

The national committee on speakers included the Decatur committee that is, G. E. Mason, controller of the currency, could not give his time entirely to the work of the campaign and they could not just now say that Controller Dawes would be at liberty to accept the invitation to come to Decatur.

The members of the Decatur committee personally met General John C. Black and he agreed to accept the invitation to deliver an address in Decatur that night. General Black was formerly democratic congressman-at-large from Illinois and was also commissioner of pensions under President Cleveland.

He is one of the best stump speakers in the country and it will be interesting to hear what such an able man has to say on the subject of the sound money platform.

In addition to these speakers the local committee is corresponding with Senator W. E. Mason, ex-Governor Jos. Fifer and Col. James Campbell. The latter has just returned from the Philippines where he was at the head of a regiment of volunteers.

He was formerly a democratic congressman from the twentieth district of this state.

The news of the railroad men being engaged in a sound money demonstration has gone abroad over the entire middle division and from all quarters comes reports that there are railroad men who wish to take part in the demonstration to show that they are on the right side in this campaign.

From this fact in part it is to be the best of Central Illinois during this fall. The sound money traveling men, too, are taking an interest and will assist in showing that they are right now as they were four years ago.

There will be a big meeting in Decatur on Wednesday, October 31. That was an affair which the county central committee had begun preparations for before the Washburn men made their announcement and it will not be abandoned. In Chicago Wednesday the information was given the members of the Decatur committee that Hon. Archibald J. Harpison, envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary of Ecuador had been assigned to Decatur for a speech on that day.

QUIT THE GAME.

Decatur Players Claim Unfair Treatment at Blue Mound.

Rather than be robbed of a game right fully won Decatur Y. M. C. A. football team left the Blue Mound team Wednesday afternoon. The score was 0 to 0 about the middle of the last half when the Decatur boys got tired of the rank decisions being made against them and realizing that the Blue Mound team had determined to make the referee with the game they walked off the field after one of the rank decisions and refused to finish.

The Y. M. C. A. team were surprised at the treatment they received at the hands of the Blue Mound fellows. The Decatur boys take a charitable view of the case however and attribute the unfairness of the decisions to the ignorance of the Blue Mound referee in reference to the rules of the game.

It was expected that there would be a return game in this city some time in the future but the prospects of that have vanished now as the Blue Mound team is on the verge of disbanding. It was not the strongest team the Y. M. C. A. can produce that went to Blue Mound as many of the regular players of the team could not get away yesterday but despite that fact they came out winning the game as it was.

The Decatur team went down to Blue Mound at noon accompanied by James Baldwin to act as manager. The game was played in the afternoon in the presence of a full sized crowd. The Blue Mound team had agreed to furnish entertainment and pay the expenses of the visitors but failed to do that and the boys had to pay for their dinner and supper and the expenses of the trip. However they received \$100 for their share of the gate money and will not be much in the hole.

IN DETAIL.

Blue Mound kicked off and scored the ball on a fumble but were immediately held for downs. Decatur advanced the ball steadily by stiff line blocking and seemed to be making side headway by that tactic, interspersed with end plays. After small gains Decatur lost the ball on a fumble. Blue Mound got the ball and hit the line hard for several downs but were finally held. Up to this time the ball had been playing back and forth in the center of the field with no material advance for either side and it was a pleasant surprise for the Decatur team when Vail got the ball and kicked the left end for a forty-yard run. To finish the pretty play Vail got the ball and went around the end for a touchdown for Decatur. Hanna or supporting the play will splendidly interpose.

When it was known that Decatur was going to win in the play the referee for Blue Mound came to the rescue of his team and refused to allow the play ending that he had blown his whistle to end the half before the play had been made by Kent.

The second half began with hard feeling on both sides and play did not continue a few minutes when the impetuosity of the referee was again displayed in his ruling when he allowed the Blue Mound team to retain the ball which they had secured by an offside play on a quarterback punt. The Blue Mound players back punting the ball when the fullback was behind him which Decatur claimed was a violation of the rules of the game. That decision was more than the Decatur team was going to stand for and they left the field. The following was the lineup for Decatur:

Linebackers: Leas, left guard; Mitchell, right guard; Nelson, left tackle; Kent, right tackle; McCollum, left end; Hanna, right end; Hanna, quarterback; Kent, left half; Hanna, right half; Vail, full back.

Linebackers: Morgan, center; Koller, linebacker; Miller, referee; Dr. Kline.

CLEVER RIDER.

Fred Schlatter Preparing for Stage Work on a Bicycle.

The platform of the new Illinois Central station is of broad expanse and offers a splendid place for bicycle riding. On that platform Tuesday afternoon Fred Schlatter did some practice work in bicycle trick riding. He is just fully recovering the use of his hand after being laid up with a broken wrist, the result of a fall from his wheel. During his practice work he had a big audience and all of the spectators were as much interested as though they had paid the price to see the show. Schlatter performed tricks that few persons in the audience ever dreamed was possible. He says that he is preparing to go on the stage as a trick rider. To the uninitiated he seems now fully prepared for an engagement of that kind and with a little coaching will no doubt be able to satisfy the most exacting manager.

It now rests upon me and those who follow me to see to it that this Union of states established by the fathers, representing liberty and justice, representing the highest opportunity and blessings, shall not perish from the earth."—William McKinley.

Trusts and Free Trade.

Tear down the protective wall and trusts would be international instead of domestic, that is all. Indeed, some of them are international now because the nature of their business has made it more advantageous that they should be so. In free trade countries big international combinations of capital have already been formed to do it.

No Imperial Designs Laid in the American Mind. There are all sorts of American sentiment, thought and purpose. Our principles are not changeable under a tropical sun. They go with the flag.—William McKinley.

A Declining Industry.

In looking about for an industry that has declined under a Republican administration the gentlemen who are composing the Democratic campaign literature should not overlook pugilism. Some of its leading exponents have left the country in disgust.

UNCLE SAM'S BALANCE SHEET.

Comparison of Republican and Democratic Administrations Since 1856. Prosperity Always Walks With Protection, While Calamity Keeps Pace With Free Trade.



"Oh, those terrible times of 1857 and 1894! I pray that our people will not again vote for Free-Trade Calamity."

| OFFICIAL STATISTICS. | 1856 | 1857 | 1858 | 1859 | 1860 | 1861 | 1862 | 1863 | 1864 | 1865 | 1866 | 1867 | 1868 | 1869 | 1870 | 1871 | 1872 | 1873 | 1874 | 1875 | 1876 | 1877 | 1878 | 1879 | 1880 | 1881 | 1882 | 1883 | 1884 | 1885 | 1886 | 1887 | 1888 | 1889 | 1890 | 1891 | 1892 | 1893 | 1894 | 1895 | 1896 | 1897 | 1898 | 1899 | 1900 |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Democratic Administration. | 1856 | 1857 | 1858 | 1859 | 1860 | 1861 | 1862 | 1863 | 1864 | 1865 | 1866 | 1867 | 1868 | 1869 | 1870 | 1871 | 1872 | 1873 | 1874 | 1875 | 1876 | 1877 | 1878 | 1879 | 1880 | 1881 | 1882 | 1883 | 1884 | 1885 | 1886 | 1887 | 1888 | 1889 | 1890 | 1891 | 1892 | 1893 | 1894 | 1895 | 1896 | 1897 | 1898 | 1899 | 1900 |
| Free-Trade. | 1856 | 1857 | 1858 | 1859 | 1860 | 1861 | 1862 | 1863 | 1864 | 1865 | 1866 | 1867 | 1868 | 1869 | 1870 | 1871 | 1872 | 1873 | 1874 | 1875 | 1876 | 1877 | 1878 | 1879 | 1880 | 1881 | 1882 | 1883 | 1884 | 1885 | 1886 | 1887 | 1888 | 1889 | 1890 | 1891 | 1892 | 1893 | 1894 | 1895 | 1896 | 1897 | 1898 | 1899 | 1900 |
| Republican Administration. | 1856 | 1857 | 1858 | 1859 | 1860 | 1861 | 1862 | 1863 | 1864 | 1865 | 1866 | 1867 | 1868 | 1869 | 1870 | 1871 | 1872 | 1873 | 1874 | 1875 | 1876 | 1877 | 1878 | 1879 | 1880 | 1881 | 1882 | 1883 | 1884 | 1885 | 1886 | 1887 | 1888 | 1889 | 1890 | 1891 | 1892 | 1893 | 1894 | 1895 | 1896 | 1897 | 1898 | 1899 | 1900 |
| War of the Rebellion. | 1856 | 1857 | 1858 | 1859 | 1860 | 1861 | 1862 | 1863 | 1864 | 1865 | 1866 | 1867 | 1868 | 1869 | 1870 | 1871 | 1872 | 1873 | 1874 | 1875 | 1876 | 1877 | 1878 | 1879 | 1880 | 1881 | 1882 | 1883 | 1884 | 1885 | 1886 | 1887 | 1888 | 1889 | 1890 | 1891 | 1892 | 1893 | 1894 | 1895 | 1896 | 1897 | 1898 | 1899 | 1900 |
| Period of Republican Protection to American Labor and Industries. | 1856 | 1857 | 1858 | 1859 | 1860 | 1861 | 1862 | 1863 | 1864 | 1865 | 1866 | 1867 | 1868 | 1869 | 1870 | 1871 | 1872 | 1873 | 1874 | 1875 | 1876 | 1877 | 1878 | 1879 | 1880 | 1881 | 1882 | 1883 | 1884 | 1885 | 1886 | 1887 | 1888 | 1889 | 1890 | 1891 | 1892 | 1893 | 1894 | 1895 | 1896 | 1897 | 1898 | 1899 | 1900 |
| Democratic Administration. | 1856 | 1857 | 1858 | 1859 | 1860 | 1861 | 1862 | 1863 | 1864 | 1865 | 1866 | 1867 | 1868 | 1869 | 1870 | 1871 | 1872 | 1873 | 1874 | 1875 | 1876 | 1877 | 1878 | 1879 | 1880 | 1881 | 1882 | 1883 | 1884 | 1885 | 1886 | 1887 | 1888 | 1889 | 1890 | 1891 | 1892 | 1893 | 1894 | 1895 | 1896 | 1897 | 1898 | 1899 | 1900 |
| Free-Trade. | 1856 | 1857 | 1858 | 1859 | 1860 | 1861 | 1862 | 1863 | 1864 | 1865 | 1866 | 1867 | 1868 | 1869 | 1870 | 1871 | 1872 | 1873 | 1874 | 1875 | 1876 | 1877 | 1878 | 1879 | 1880 | 1881 | 1882 | 1883 | 1884 | 1885 | 1886 | 1887 | 1888 | 1889 | 1890 | 1891 | 1892 | 1893 | 1894 | 1895 | 1896 | 1897 | 1898 | 1899 | 1900 |
| Protection. | 1856 | 1857 | 1858 | 1859 | 1860 | 1861 | 1862 | 1863 | 1864 | 1865 | 1866 | 1867 | 1868 | 1869 | 1870 | 1871 | 1872 | 1873 | 1874 | 1875 | 1876 | 1877 | 1878 | 1879 | 1880 | 1881 | 1882 | 1883 | 1884 | 1885 | 1886 | 1887 | 1888 | 1889 | 1890 | 1891 | 1892 | 1893 | 1894 | 1895 | 1896 | 1897 | 1898 | 1899 | 1900 |
| PROSPERITY. | 1856 | 1857 | 1858 | 1859 | 1860 | 1861 | 1862 | 1863 | 1864 | 1865 | 1866 | 1867 | 1868 | 1869 | 1870 | 1871 | 1872 | 1873 | 1874 | 1875 | 1876 | 1877 | 1878 | 1879 | 1880 | 1881 | 1882 | 1883 | 1884 | 1885 | 1886 | 1887 | 1888 | 1889 | 1890 | 1891 | 1892 | 1893 | 1894 | 1895 | 1896 | 1897 | 1898 | 1899 | 1900 |



"Behold the splendid results of Protection under the Morrill, McKinley and Dingley Tariffs. Our people will continue McKinley Prosperity."

SPANISH WAR PERIOD. *AMERICAN ECONOMIST Report on Business Conditions, 1898. *AMERICAN ECONOMIST Report on Business Conditions, 1900.

FACSIMILE OF POSTER ISSUED BY THE AMERICAN PROTECTIVE TARIFF LEAGUE, NEW YORK.

OPPOSES VACATIONS.

Russell Sage Says Energetic Man Has No Time to Waste in Attempts to Indulge.

Russell Sage, the famous New York financier, does not believe in summer vacations. He says in the Chicago American that he has worked hard for years without resting and he has the worst physically or mentally for it. All that a man needs, says the financier, is food, drink and sleep. These, with temperate habits, give the body all the relaxation necessary.

"I am not an advocate of vacations. Most business men find time to leave their offices during a part of the summer."

THE FUNERAL WILL OCCUR FRIDAY.

P. W. Donahue, the front street saloon-keeper, on Wednesday night received a telegram announcing the death of his brother, Hugh Donahue, in a mine at Fairmount.

Formerly lived in Decatur.

Mrs. Mary P. Chilcote Died Wednesday at Her Home on North Monroe Street of Apoplexy.

FROM SOUTH DAKOTA.

Fred Norman Says the Country is Prosperous and Likely for McKinley.

FROM SOUTH DAKOTA.

Married.

Chilcote.

Chilcote.

Chilcote.

Chilcote.

Chilcote.

Chilcote.

DEATH IN A MINE

Hugh Donahue Meets a Violent Death in a Shaft at Fairmount.

Formerly lived in Decatur.

Mrs. Mary P. Chilcote Died Wednesday at Her Home on North Monroe Street of Apoplexy.

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Chilcote.

Chilcote.

WILLIS JOHNSON'S WILL.

Admitted to Probate—Was Drawn Many Years Ago.

The will of the late Willis Johnson has been admitted to probate. John Ullrich was named as executor but as he declines to serve, though not yet officially, and some other persons must act. The instrument was drawn on March 22, 1874, and the autograph is made that after being again opened until after the death of the testator, Edmondo McCall and R. W. Martin, both since deceased, were the witnesses to the will but their signatures were proven by those familiar with their handwriting. According to the terms of the will the estate is to be divided among the children equally, subject to the dower rights of the widow. One child, Ophelia, concerned who married against the wishes of her father, is barred from any share of the estate which is now valued at \$2500.

FROM SOUTH DAKOTA.

Fred Norman Says the Country is Prosperous and Likely for McKinley.

FROM SOUTH DAKOTA.

Married.

Chilcote.

Chilcote.

Chilcote.

Chilcote.

Chilcote.

Chilcote.

Chilcote.

Chilcote.

Chilcote.

Chilcote.

GRAND COUNCIL.

Masonic Meet in Chicago and Elect Officers.

Chicago, Ill., Oct. 21.—At the forty-eighth annual assembly of the grand council of Royal and Selected Masons today, Grand Recorder Bernard's report showed a membership of 2900 in Illinois in 88 subordinate councils. The following grand officers were elected: Most Illustrious Grand Master—John B. Fitch, Joliet. Right Illustrious Deputy Master—William B. Carlisle, Bloomington. Principal Conductor of Work—John C. Hallenbeck, Chicago. Treasurer—John C. Smith, Chicago. Recorder—Gill W. Bernard, Chicago. Chaplain—Rev. J. D. Jowett, Lincoln. Captain Guards—Abel M. Hollowell, Chicago. Conductor—O. W. Hollandsworth, Canton. Marshall—R. L. Leonard, Chicago. Steward—William L. Orr, Chicago. Sentinel—W. J. A. Dolancy, Canton.

JUSTICE AFTER MANY YEARS.

Mrs. Cory, Once a Singer, and Her Son Left \$500,000.

Denver, Oct. 24.—After years of poverty and privation in New York and Denver, Mrs. Eleanor Cory and her little son, Harold, have gone home to Manchester, England, to inherit a fortune of \$500,000 and to live in the lap of luxury and ease. Mrs. Cory was an American singer more than 15 years ago. She and Arthur Cory were married. Relative, after five years, forced him to choose between them and his wife. He gave up his wife. Mrs. Cory received a letter from her husband recently. He wanted her to return and \$200,000 for expenses. The letter said Arthur Cory had inherited from his father some \$2,000,000 and that he had willed \$500,000 to his son, the widow and son to have the income during her life.

A GERMAN SENSATION.

Secretary of State for Interior Said to Have Been Driven.

Berlin, Oct. 24.—Great sensation has been caused by the allegation that Count von Tiedemann, secretary of state for the interior, has been bribed with 12,000 marks for his work in connection with the patent privilege bill in 1898. The allegation is contained in a letter which is going the rounds of the German press. The writer asserts that Herr Krupp subscribed 5000 marks to the fund constituting the alleged bribe.

Sidell May Die.

Charles Sidell, the young Swede who had his foot crushed and leg broken while climbing on a Washburn train Monday night, is at the hospital in this city in a serious condition. His foot began paining Tuesday night and before the arrival of the doctor yesterday morning the man had removed the splints to ease the pain. With the splints removed he twisted the injured limb about in the bed until he had it in such bad shape that the doctor is doubtful of the recovery of the patient who has given worse case, caused by irritation of the injured foot.

DR. J. S. APPLEMAN



The famous specialist, to visit our city personally—an excellent chance for the sick and suffering. FREE Consultation and examination at his private parlors at

BRUNSWICK HOTEL

Decatur, Ill.

TUESDAY, NOV. 6, 3:30 P M to 9:30 P M

returning every four weeks.

Dr. Appleman

Formerly of New York, now permanent located in Chicago, is a graduate of Bellevue Hospital Medical College, New York City, the most notable institution of his kind in America. He has made a special study of the diseases of the eye, ear, nose, throat and chronic diseases. In the great Bellevue and Charity Hospitals, New York City, and the results of his experience are many phenomenal cures all over the state. He treats

Acute and Chronic Catarrh.

Hanging in ears, deafness, discharge of the eye, ear, throat, lungs, stomach, liver, kidney, urinary and bladder, nervous prostration, dyspepsia, constipation, rheumatism, epilepsy or

Young and Middle Aged Men

Suffering from spermatorrhea and impotency, as the result of self abuse in youth or excess in mature years and other causes producing some of the following effects: nervousness, blotches, dizziness, loss of sleep, urinary and bladder, nervous prostration, dyspepsia, constipation, rheumatism, epilepsy or

HIS LATEST OFFER

Mr. Millikin Promises Lincoln University a Gift of \$50,000.

PROVIDING \$25,000 IS RAISED

Will in No Way Interfere With the Decatur Gift—Lincoln School to Be for Preparatory Purposes.

THIS OFFER MADE SOME TIME AGO

The Chicago Tribune of Thursday has the following special item from Lincoln, Ill.:

Lincoln, Ill., Oct. 21.—(Special.)—An announcement was made today of the proposition of Hon. James Millikin of Decatur to increase the endowment of the Lincoln university \$50,000, provided the citizens of Lincoln raise \$25,000, to be used in erecting new buildings.

The university now owns property to the value of \$50,000 and has an endowment fund of \$16,000.

The conditions will be promptly completed.

Mr. Millikin was interviewed yesterday regarding the offer and said that he had made the offer to Lincoln university as stated and if the people of that place met his conditions and raised the \$50,000 he would certainly give the \$50,000 as promised.

Mr. Millikin said, however, that he made the offer with the understanding that the two schools, the Lincoln university and the Decatur in the school would become affiliated and work together.

It has been understood all along that the Decatur school would be under the control of the Cumberland Presbyterian church but that does not mean that it will have any sectarian features, for it will not. Every institution requires a body of control to manage it and it has been the history of institutions of this sort that a local body which perpetuates itself has never been so successful in the control as a larger body with some strong institution behind it.

It has been agreed all along that it would be good going to have the C. P. church in general control of the school. The school will be directly controlled by a board of trustees, the majority of the members of which will be selected from Decatur and vicinity. These men will be chosen without any regard for their church affiliations and perhaps very few of them will be members of the C. P. church.

It is the object of the church to combine the schools so that the Decatur school may be embraced in the Lincoln charter which is exempt from taxation. This alone will mean a saving of about \$10,000 a year. The Lincoln school will then be used simply as a preparatory school and the Decatur school will be the head institution. The president will live here and Lincoln school will simply be used as a feeder for the Decatur school. There must be a preparatory education even for an industrial course and the Lincoln school will be the preparatory school. Mr. Millikin's offer to Lincoln will be of direct benefit to the Decatur school for whatever tends to help the Lincoln school and make it better will help the Decatur school and make it better.

Lincoln has known for some time that Mr. Millikin was going to make this offer. The people there are willing to stand back and wait until the Decatur school is an assured thing before they make any effort whatever to take advantage of Mr. Millikin's generosity.

Moreover they are willing to give to Decatur the benefit of their character and school experience and still act as the smaller of the two schools.

This is what Mr. Millikin meant yesterday when he said practically "If they play together and be good, I will give them all the money I have promised."

Not only is the Lincoln school ready to act as a feeder to the Decatur school, but at the recent meeting of the C. P. synod of Illinois an offer was made to pay off the debt on another similar C. P. school located in the southern part of the state and use this also as a preparatory school to the Decatur institution.

The University of Chicago and other universities are establishing preparatory schools all over the country. It certainly would seem that the more schools of this kind the better.

BIG FOOT BALL GAME.

Illinois and Michigan Play at Chicago on Saturday.

The Universities of Michigan and Illinois will meet on the football field in Chicago on Saturday of this week. The game promises to be one of the best contests to be played in the west this year.

The chances are about even for each team winning and neither team has any advantage over the other.

A special excursion will be run at of Chicago for the game at the popular price of \$2 for the round trip.

The crack university of Illinois military band will be taken and between 800 and 1000 students and citizens of Chicago will go to Chicago for the game.

The game will be called at 2:30 p. m. so that persons desiring to return the same day may catch the train leaving Chicago at 5:30 p. m. arriving in Decatur at 10:30 p. m. Manager Carr, of the University of Illinois team came down from Chicago late last night and returned on the early morning train. Arrangements have been made whereby Decatur people may secure a party ride to Chicago and take the excursion from there.

Deaths Recorded.

W. P. Deeds, Sr., to George A. Lytle, lot 9, block 4, to J. K. Warren & Co's, dated addition to Decatur, \$2000.

J. J. Pao to Savings Fund Building Association, master's deed to lot 7 to block 4 to Metropress addition to Decatur, \$700.

DONAHUE'S DEATH.

Was Caused by the Falling of the Roof.

James J. Moran and P. W. Donahue came home last night from Fairmount to which place they were called by the death of the latter's brother, Hugh Donahue, who was killed in the coal mine in that city on Wednesday. When Messrs. Moran and Donahue left for Fairmount nothing was known here except that Hugh Donahue had met his death. No particulars could be obtained that night.

The last seen of Hugh Donahue by his fellow miners was about 10 o'clock in the forenoon, when the driver took a car into his room. As he did not come into his entry way at the noon hour to eat his lunch a search was made and he was found beneath a fall of rock. A mass of rock weighing tons had fallen upon him and his death must have been instantaneous.

The deceased was a member of the United Mine Workers, and yesterday his mine was idle and when the remains were taken to the train to come to Decatur all of the miners formed in line and marched as an escort. The remains were taken to the home of P. W. Donahue at the corner of Center Street and Morgan Street. The funeral will be this forenoon. The service will be at St. Patrick's Catholic church at 9 o'clock. Rev. T. McKoy, vicar general of the diocese, is here from Springfield and will conduct the service. The interment will be at Calvary.

RETURN DANCE.

Given By Young Women of the Amity Club.

The young women of the Amity club last night at the Grand army gave a "Return dance" to the gentlemen of the club, as an evidence of their appreciation of the favors of the past year. The first regular club dance will be held on next Thursday evening and the affair last evening was a delightful index to the season.

The young hostesses with true feminine instinct beautified the hall with an artistic and dainty arrangement of palms and ferns. The seats in the dainty hall were filled with cushions and there were plenty of chairs for those who wished to sit out a dance. At the farther end of the hall a large table was served throughout the evening by Misses Nellie Russell and Mabel Clark.

About fifty couples were in attendance. There were fourteen numbers on the program and a few extras. The open house orchestra played. The hostesses received the usual order of things entirely, engaging their partners for the dances and seeing that everyone was entertained.

TO THE MINERS.

Pana Miners Unveil a Monument in Memory of Deceased Strikers.

At Pana today there will be unveiled a monument which the members of the United Mine Workers have erected in memory of their comrades, who were killed during the strike during the last few years.

Marshall C. Griffin, of Decatur, has been invited to deliver an address at the unveiling, and has accepted the invitation.

The Time is Now.

Editor Decatur Herald.—While every indication points to a very large republican majority in this county for the entire ticket, there are three groups of men calling themselves republicans who are doing all they can to defeat some one of the local candidates. One of these groups is that of the "No Union" men, one to defeat Allen and one to defeat Deane.

All such organizations have a distinctive leader or leaders which is literally true in this case. Every republican voter in this city and county should enquire who these leaders are, and why their opposition. It will be readily discovered that each of the leaders is a disreputable candidate for a nomination and it may be further found that each of them has been favored by the party for years, in either the county or city.

These leaders simply seek to lead their voters by purchasing somebody else and some of their temptations (and they have some) fear that they cannot use some of the candidates if elected.

You can hear it said, "Remember these men in the future." Why leave it to the future? Now is the time to stamp them out by voting the ticket as it comes from the press. The cur that bites the head that gave him bread has no future.

A Republican.

Surely Delightful.

The weather conditions Thursday were such as deserve special mention because the conditions were unusual. The temperature was up to 79 degrees and the heat was that of summer. Winter clouds which have been proudly shown off by proud owners for the past week had to take a back seat and the shirt waist of summer was resuscitated for the day. The weather suits the man who is facing a hard winter and soft coal at \$2.75 per ton but it is not what the merchant is looking for. It does not induce the buying of winter clothing.

Romeo Killed.

Romeo, the big elephant with Ringling Bros., circus, which has often been seen here, was killed at Wichita Falls, Texas, on Monday. He had become so violently ill that the management of the show concluded to have him killed, and the car was run out of the Wichita Valley railroad track about one mile from there, where Romeo was taken from the car and shot three times with a Winchester rifle. It is claimed that he had killed three keepers during the past 15 years.

Have Money.

One of the best known grain buyers in Marion county said Thursday that the farmers were not selling their new corn as freely as had been anticipated and added, "The farmers have more money, they are in better shape financially as a rule than they have been for several years. They do not feel that they are compelled to sell their grain to get money to live on."

DOWN A LADDER

Fire Cut Off Escape of Woman and Children Down the Stairway.

THE DANGER WAS NOT GREAT

But at the Time No One Knew to the Contrary—Gasoline Caused the Fire.

THIS DAMAGE WAS A FEW DOLLARS

A new record was established by the Decatur fire department Thursday afternoon. For the first time persons supposed to be in peril were rescued from a burning building by means of ladders. Perhaps the persons were in no great danger but the firemen did not know and acted as though it was the real thing.

Between 8 and 9 o'clock the chemical engine of the Morgan street house was called to the corner of Center Street and Broadway, where there was a fire in the second story of a small brick building. When the firemen arrived Robert Parish, who has a second hand store on the first floor, was just lifting a ladder to the second story windows. Chief Devore went up the ladder to learn something about the fire and found Mrs. Hannah Devore and her two little children waiting for the ladder so that they could make their escape. It was not until he was almost face to face with them that the chief knew there was any one in the room.

Mrs. Devore and her children were one at a time, lifted out by the chief and passed down to Bob Parish and members of the fire department. The woman and her children were almost suffocated from the smoke but a short time in the open air fully revived them.

There was a small amount of fire, a heap of smoke and considerable excitement. Parish was in his second hand store when Mrs. Devore ran in and said that the room above was on fire and that she wanted a few seconds before her two little children. There had been an explosion in a gas line at the rear of the building and the fire had started in the kitchen. Mrs. Devore rushed through the flames and disappeared.

When Parish got up to the head of the stairway the doorway through which he had expected to enter was filled with flames. He could not see Mrs. Devore and turned and did down stairs to get the ladder. He had just succeeded in getting it into position when the flames arrived.

The crew in charge of the chemical engine turned a stream on the fire and the explosion occurred. The water was turned from the well and everything in the room had been given a slight scorching. The fire was located just at a place where it shut off escape by way of the stairway. How Mrs. Devore managed to get through the fire is not known but it was understood that the fire had been in danger and the firemen were in danger and the firemen were in danger.

An entrance to the house was effected through a front window and the burglar was certainly served for on the corner only a short distance away there is an electric light. It was shortly before 4 o'clock that Mr. Cool was awakened from his slumbers by hearing a creaking on the stairway. He raised up and asked, "Who's there?" but received no answer. Then he got up and went down the stairs but the burglar got away. The front window was found upon indicating the manner of entrance and egress. The fact was patent to Mr. Cool that a burglar had been in the house. He returned to his bedroom to dress and when he came to put on his shirt he found that article missing. That was all that had been taken. Only a few feet from the bed was a dresser and in a drawer of that piece of furniture was jewelry to the value of \$100 which had not been disturbed. One peculiar thing about the robbery is the fact that Mr. Cool habitually hung his shirt behind the head of the bed but the thief was not so fooled by any such little trick as this.

Later to the day the shirt was found in the yard of the Maxwell annex but the shirt had been removed.

Col. Snell for McKinley.

Springfield News: Col. Thomas Snell, one of the ablest men in central Illinois, is out for McKinley this time. Col. Snell lives at Clinton, but is known all over the west as a political prophet. It is stated of him that he has never been on the losing side in any campaign. His wagers are always in the thousands and his long line of victories are remarkable. In some campaigns he does not bet. For instance, four years ago he supported Bryan with might and main but refused to put a dollar on him. This year he has switched and is supporting McKinley. He has \$20,000 to bet on McKinley.

Estimated at 30,000.

While the returns from the census are still in the dark so far as Decatur is concerned a citizen estimated the population according to the poll list as something over 30,000 for the township. This estimate was based on the Chicago ratio. Chicago's population is given as 937,000. The poll list includes 400,000 names. Decatur's poll list has 9600 names. Applying the Chicago ratio to this the population of the township will be something over 30,000.

Will Offered.

In the county court Thursday the will of the late John M. Pershing was off red for probate and November 10 was fixed for the hearing.

For a man who insisted on shooting a silver pick into the platform Mr. Bryan is remarkably sensitive whenever he is asked a question concerning silver.

SOUNDS A WARNING.

Dr. Egan Issues a Circular on Diphtheria.

Dr. Egan, secretary of the state board of health has addressed a note to the Springfield board of health relative to diphtheria in that city enclosing two circulars in that city enclosing two circulars that he has just prepared for distribution all over the state. One of these circulars treats of scarlet fever and the other diphtheria. They are full of information and directions not alone for the physician but for the laity as well. Both diseases are spreading with great rapidity and are not confined to any particular section of the state. Dr. Egan says that the disease gets a start in a community because its true character is not recognized soon enough and because the proper precautions against its spread are not taken after it has been discovered. In the circular on diphtheria which he recommends be distributed broadcast, Dr. Egan among other things says:

"Diphtheria is a preventable disease. A rigid observance of the rules of the state board of health will often prevent the introduction of the disease, and in all ways followed by a limitation of the disease to the first onset of cases. If diphtheria spreads from one house to another one is to blame. The parents who permit their children to enter a house in which they know or suspect there is a case of diphtheria, or to play or mingle with children from that house, need not attribute the sickness and subsequent death of one of their loved ones to the mysterious disposition of Divine Providence. The parents of diphtheria in their houses, who allow the children of their families to go to school and mingle with other children, and who during the period of sickness disregard all health laws and sanitary precautions, are morally responsible for whatever sickness and death may arise through their negligence."

"The local health authorities, who, after being advised of a prevalence of diphtheria in a family, fail to quarantine the children and to insist on the isolation of the patient and a compliance with all the precautions necessary to prevent the spread of the disease, are guilty of culpable negligence."

"Avoid, as you would the presence of evil, those individuals who 'know more than a doctor,' who insist that your child undergo a painful or even fatal treatment, the alleged benefit of which is not supported by the science of medicine. Children, in whose little bodies the deadly germ of diphtheria is shown to be hidden and hygienic, often persons not knowing even the rudiments of anatomy and physiology taught in the common schools are severely disciplined the almighty 'patience' through."

MYSTERIOUS ROBBERY.

Burglar Stuffed to Send a Diamond Shirt Snail From Starr Coal.

Starr Coal was the victim of a mysterious robbery on Thursday evening at an early hour. A burglar entered his home on West Main street, and going to his bedroom, stole his shirt, which contained a diamond valued at \$150. Nothing else was disturbed. Shortly after the robbery Mr. Cool reported the matter to Captain Lawton at police headquarters but the officers were unable to get a trace of the thief.

An entrance to the house was effected through a front window and the burglar was certainly served for on the corner only a short distance away there is an electric light. It was shortly before 4 o'clock that Mr. Cool was awakened from his slumbers by hearing a creaking on the stairway. He raised up and asked, "Who's there?" but received no answer. Then he got up and went down the stairs but the burglar got away. The front window was found upon indicating the manner of entrance and egress. The fact was patent to Mr. Cool that a burglar had been in the house. He returned to his bedroom to dress and when he came to put on his shirt he found that article missing. That was all that had been taken. Only a few feet from the bed was a dresser and in a drawer of that piece of furniture was jewelry to the value of \$100 which had not been disturbed. One peculiar thing about the robbery is the fact that Mr. Cool habitually hung his shirt behind the head of the bed but the thief was not so fooled by any such little trick as this.

Later to the day the shirt was found in the yard of the Maxwell annex but the shirt had been removed.

Col. Snell for McKinley.

Springfield News: Col. Thomas Snell, one of the ablest men in central Illinois, is out for McKinley this time. Col. Snell lives at Clinton, but is known all over the west as a political prophet. It is stated of him that he has never been on the losing side in any campaign. His wagers are always in the thousands and his long line of victories are remarkable. In some campaigns he does not bet. For instance, four years ago he supported Bryan with might and main but refused to put a dollar on him. This year he has switched and is supporting McKinley. He has \$20,000 to bet on McKinley.

Estimated at 30,000.

While the returns from the census are still in the dark so far as Decatur is concerned a citizen estimated the population according to the poll list as something over 30,000 for the township. This estimate was based on the Chicago ratio. Chicago's population is given as 937,000. The poll list includes 400,000 names. Decatur's poll list has 9600 names. Applying the Chicago ratio to this the population of the township will be something over 30,000.

Will Offered.

In the county court Thursday the will of the late John M. Pershing was off red for probate and November 10 was fixed for the hearing.

For a man who insisted on shooting a silver pick into the platform Mr. Bryan is remarkably sensitive whenever he is asked a question concerning silver.

OBJECT LESSON

Terrible Example Ends a Misspent Life to Point a Moral.

FORMER WABASH CONDUCTOR

Had Wasted Money, His Opportunities and Neglected His Family to Satisfy His Craving for Liquor.

NERVED HIMSELF WITH A LAST DRINK

In the Chicago American of Wednesday appeared the following account of the death of a former Wabash employee.

"At the point of a revolver, Charles A. Smith, formerly a conductor in the service of the Wabash railroad, last night compelled the patrons of Jacob Keller's saloon, 8000 State street, to listen to a lecture on the evils of intemperance. Then, pressing the weapon to his head, he blew his brains out in the midst of those standing around him."

Smith lived with his wife and two children at 5319 Union avenue. Early last night he walked into the saloon and asked six men in the place to have a drink with him.

Holding a glass of liquor in his left hand he drew a revolver from his pocket with the other and ordered every one in the saloon to remain quiet and make no attempt to leave.

"This is to be my last drink," he said. "You may call it a farewell, if you wish."

Thinking that he intended to leave the city he ordered every one to make no noise.

At the point of a revolver he drew a glass of liquor in his left hand and drew a revolver from his pocket with the other and ordered every one in the saloon to remain quiet and make no attempt to leave.

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NEARBY TOWNS.

George Thompson of Champaign U. of I. spent Sunday at home.

Mrs. J. H. Taylor and daughter, Miss Louie, are visiting relatives in Pontiac and Ottawa.

Mr. Gardner of Champaign was the guest of George Thompson Saturday and Sunday.

Mrs. Chas. Hawks of Springfield, Mass., is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Stephen Hawks.

Mrs. J. C. Brooks left Tuesday for an extended visit in Springfield, Mo.

W. B. Fleming who has been visiting in Chicago and Eliza, Iowa, for several weeks returned home Sunday.

Miss Alice Barker and mother went to Decatur Tuesday where they will make their home with Mr. and Mrs. A. F. Parker.

Miss Landon of Forrest was the guest of her friend, Mrs. M. J. Mason.

Mrs. Cass. M. Cravey and children are visiting relatives in Lexington.

Rev. M. C. Logan of Pitts City preached at the Presbyterian church Sunday.

Mrs. Kimmel and daughter, Miss Edith are home from Chicago.

Mr. Hedges and wife of Chicago are visiting their daughter, Mrs. Wm. Allison.

Miss Mary Bennett visited friends in Danville last week.

El Bricker of Oklahoma is visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Bricker.

Miss Gladys Dymann visited at Decatur last week.

Earl Carpenter of Bloomington, Ind., came home to spend a few days with his parents.

LOVINGTON.

Mrs. Maude Hoffman returned from Decatur Monday after a week's visit.

Three men in a democratic rally here last Tuesday evening at the home of J. W. Williams of Chicago. J. M. Dyer of Decatur and Judge Harrison and J. H. Baker of Sullivan were present.

At the house of J. W. Williams was found \$30.00 in money and a large number of characters on the street, but not in the house. The money was taken from the house of J. W. Williams. The money was taken from the house of J. W. Williams.

There will be a republican meeting at the opera house next Wednesday evening, Oct. 23 at which Hon. J. O. Humphrey, of Springfield and A. C. Matthews, of Champaign will be present. This will be the first republican meeting here this season and an every body come out and make it an enthusiastic one.

John A. Gregory in this week having the old red mill on West Main street at home. Mr. Gregory expects to erect a residence there.

Charley Foster and Mrs. John Conrad are in the sick list this week.

Miss Mamie Keith of Pontiac, Ill., is visiting Mrs. Alvin Keith this week.

Joe Keeling has returned from Mississippi where he has been working the past summer.

LOVINGTON.

Ed Million returned home Thursday from Chicago where he has been working for the past six months for the Northwestern.

Miss Myrtle Williams, of Bloomington, is visiting Mrs. Joe Hillman.

T. C. Overholser, of Allen, Ala., was called to preach at the Christian church Sunday, but from some cause did not show up.

Henry Stevens, of Edgewood, visited relatives here over Sunday.

James H. Hardy, of Decatur, visited James A. Gregory and family over Sunday.

A ten foot brick walk has been put in on the south side of State street in the business portion, which adds greatly to the appearance of the street. The old walk on the north side just opposite, should be turned out on Saturday.

State Attorney Whitfield, of Sullivan, was in on a brief factoring.

FARMERS COLUMN

FOR SALE—One of the best 30-acre farms in this, Fayette county, all new buildings and in cultivation, except 5 acres of fine pasture with a spring of living water on a good 6 room house, all new and well painted, good barn and other outbuildings, well fenced, good cellar and well the main public road near school and church, and 4 miles from a good railroad, water town, price \$25 per acre, possession at once. H. C. Doyle, Vandalia, Ill. Oct. 22nd.

FOR SALE—\$10 an acre if taken in 30 days. 200 acres of good farming land 1 1/2 miles of Centerville, Ill. 60 acres in the year old apple orchard, 40 in winter wheat. 75 in grass. Clean pasture with water year round. New 8 room house, plenty of fire wood, stock barn, 10x12, just built two years. Highest of selling, too old to manage. Address B. E. Box 4, Central, Ill., Oct. 22nd.

FOR SALE—RENT OR EXCHANGE—Fine residence, just vacated, 2111 North Water, 2 rooms, well, electric, barn, solid.